EZElisa™ Human PD-L1 ELISA Kit

Cat #: D-AEK6036

Size: 48T / 96T

Storage: Stored at 4°C for 12 months, protected from light

Product Information

Detection range: 12.5 pg/mL-800 pg/mL

Sensitivity: 6.25 pg/mL

Specificity: EZElisa™ Human PD-L1 ELISA Kit has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of Human PD-L1. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between Human PD-L1 and analogues was observed

Applicable samples: Serum, Plasma, Cell culture supernatants

Assay Principle

PD-L1 is widely expressed in antigen presenting cells (APCs) and activates T, B cells, macrophages, placental trophoblast, myocardial endothelium and thymic cortical epithelial cells. PD-L1 is the ligand of PD-1. After binding with PD-1, it can recruit tyrosine phosphatase SHP-2 through immunoreceptor tyrosine-based swith motif (ITSM), and then dephosphorylate multiple key molecules in TCR signaling pathway, inhibit the proliferation and activity of CD4T and CD8T cells, and negatively regulate the immune response process of the body. EZElisa™ Human PD-L1 ELISA Kit employs a double antibody sandwich method to quantitate Human PD-L1 in samples. An antibody specific for Human PD-L1 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any Human PD-L1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After removing any unbound substances, a HRP-conjugated antibody specific for Human PD-L1 is added to the wells. After washing, remove any unbound HRP-conjugated antibody reagent, adding HRP Substrate (TMB), TMB turns blue under the catalysis of HRP, and turns yellow after adding stop solution. Measure the OD value with a microplate reader at 450 nm wavelength. The Human PD-L1 concentration is proportional to the OD450 nm value.

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Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions

Kit components	Size（48T）	Size（96T）	Storage conditions
Human PD-L1 Microplate	48 wells	96 wells	4°C
Human PD-L1 Standard (lyophilized)	1	2	4°C
Sample Diluent (5×)	3.5 mL	7 mL	4°C
Assay Buffer (5×)	3.5 mL	7 mL	4°C
HRP-conjugated Human PD-L1 Detect Antibody (100×)	60 µL	120 µL	4°C
HRP Substrate (TMB)	5 mL	10 mL	4°C, protected from light
Stop Solution	5 mL	10 mL	4°C
Wash Buffer (20×)	25 mL	50 mL	4°C
Plate Covers	1	2	RT

Materials Required but Not Supplied

·Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm

·Multi channel pipette or automated microplate washer

·Incubator, refrigerated centrifuge

·Precision pipettes, disposable pipette tips

·Deionized water

Reagent Preparation

1×Sample Diluent: Sample Diluent (5×) equilibrate to room temperature and dilute with deionized water 1:5 to obtain the 1×Sample Diluent before use. Mix gently to avoid foaming. Store at 4°C. This solution is stable for 30 days. If your samples need to be diluted, 1×Sample Diluent is used for dilution of standard, serum and plasma samples.

1×Assay Buffer: Assay Buffer (5×) equilibrate to room temperature and dilute with deionized water 1:5 to obtain the 1×Assay buffer before use. Mix gently to avoid foaming. Store at 4°C. This solution is stable for 30 days. 1×Assay buffer is used for dilution of HRP-conjugated Human PD-L1 Detect Antibody (100×) .

Human PD-L1 Standard: Reconstitute the Human PD-L1 standard in 1 mL of 1×Sample Diluent for a concentration of 800 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 min with gentle shake prior to making dilutions.

1×HRP-conjugated Human PD-L1 Detect Antibody: Mix well prior to making dilutions. Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated detect antibody solution with 1×Assay buffer in a clean plastic tube as needed according to the standards and samples. 1×HRP-conjugated Human PD-L1 Detect Antibody should be used within 30 min.

HRP Substrate (TMB): Ready to use as supplied. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Store at 4°C, protected from light.

Stop Solution: Ready to use as supplied. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Store at 4°C.

1×Wash Buffer: Wash Buffer (20×) equilibrate to room temperature and dilute with deionized water 1:20 to obtain the 1×Wash buffer before use. Mix gently to avoid foaming. Store at room temperature. Please note that 1×Wash buffer is stable for 30 days.

Standard Curve Setting: Dilute 800 pg/mL standard with 1×Sample Diluent to 800, 400, 200, 100, 50, 25, 12.5 and 0 pg/mL of Human PD-L1 standard just as below.

Num.	Volume of Standard	Volume of 1×Sample Diluent (µL)	The concentration of Standard（pg/mL）
Std.1	1000 µL of 800 pg/mL	0	800
Std.2	500 µL of Std.1 (800 pg/mL)	500	400
Std.3	500 µL of Std.2 (400 pg/mL)	500	200
Std.4	500 µL of Std.3 (200 pg/mL)	500	100
Std.5	500 µL of Std.4 (100 pg/mL)	500	50
Std.6	500 µL of Std.5 (50 pg/mL)	500	25
Std.7	500 µL of Std.6 (25 pg/mL)	500	12.5
Std.8	0	500	0

Note：Always prepare a fresh set of standards per use.

Sample Preparation

1.Cell culture supernatants: Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

2.Serum: Use a serum separator tube and allow samples to clot for 30 min at room temperature before centrifugation for 15 min at 1,000 g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

3.Plasma: Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 1,000 g within 30 min of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Do not use grossly hemolyzed or lipemic specimens. If samples are to be used within 24 h, they may be stored at 2 to 8°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Prior to assay, the frozen sample should be brought to room temperature slowly and mixed gently.

Assay Procedure

1.   Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal. The strips used for testing are equilibrated to room temperature before use.

2.   Remove liquid in each well and wash, repeating the process for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with 1×Wash Buffer (250 µL) using a multi channel pipette or automated microplate washer, and let it stand for 1-2 min, complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining 1×Wash Buffer by invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

3.   Add 100 µL of diluted standard or sample per well. It is recommended that all Standards and Samples be added in duplicate to the microplate. Cover with the plate cover provided. Incubate for 2 h at room temperature.

4.   Repeat the wash as in step 2.

5.   Add 100 µL of diluted 1×HRP-conjugated Human PD-L1 detect antibody to each well. Cover with the plate cover provided. Incubate for 1 h at room temperature.

6. Repeat the wash process for five times as in step 2.

7. Add 100 µL of HRP Substrate (TMB) to each well. Cover the plate and incubate for 15 min at room temperature. Protect from light.

8. Add 50 µL of Stop solution to each well. Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as TMB. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.

9. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 min, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

Data Analysis

1.Average the duplicate readings for each standard and sample and subtract the average zero standard (Std.8) optical density (O.D.).

2.Drawing of standard curve: With the standard solution concentration as the x-axis and the mean absorbance for each standard as the y-axis, draw the standard curve. A computer software can be used to create a standard curve.

Note: If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Typical Data

Typical standard curve（$R^2 \geq 0.99$）
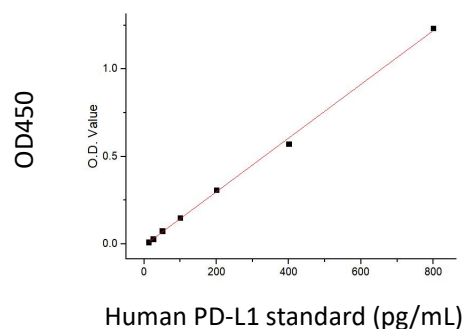

Human PD-L1 standard (pg/mL)

Fig.1. Standard Curve of Human PD-L1 in 96-well plate assay, data provided for demonstration purposes only. A new

standard Curve must be generated for each assay

Precautions

1.If Sample Diluent (5×) and Assay Buffer (5×) appears to turn yellow or a small amount of precipitation, etc., it is caused by the serum contained in the reagent. Please centrifuge to remove the precipitate, which will not affect normal use.

2.Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.

3.To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

4.To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate covers during incubation steps is necessary.

5.Stop Solution has certain Corrosive. Please take protective measures when operating.

FAQ

Problem	Cause	Suggested Solution
Poor standard curve	Inaccurate Pipetting	Check pipettes
	Improper standard dilution	Prior to opening, briefly spin the stock standard tube and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gentle mixing
Low Signal	Incubation times too short	Ensure sufficient incubation times; increase to 2 or 3 h standard/ sample incubation
	Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
	Incubation times with TMB too short	Ensure sufficient incubation time until blue color develops prior addition of Stop solution
High background /Large CV	Plate is insufficiently Washed	Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed
	Contaminated Wash Buffer	Make fresh Wash Buffer

| Low sensitivity | Improper storage of the ELISA kit | Store your reconstituted standards at -20°C (avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles), all other assay components 4°C. Keep TMB Development Solution protected from light |
| | Stop solution | Stop solution should be added to each well before measurement |

Disclaimer

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes.